CASE NO.	<u>-08cu</u>	1589
ATTACHME	NT NO	13
EXHIBIT _		
TAB (DESCRIPTIO	ON)	•

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A No, I don't.

Q Could you have told an Officer that you were, in fact, Denise's aunt?

It goes as to impeachment.

MR: MURPHY: Objection.

THE COURT: Objection sustained.

MS. PLACEK: Q Let me ask you this.

Isn't it true that, in fact, after

Denise came back into the house with you, that

you, in fact, had an altercation with her, a family

argument?

A No, we didn't have a family argument.

Q Do you remember me asking you about speaking to that officer on August 7th of 19 -- or August 2nd of 1988?

MR. CASSIDY: Objection, Judge, form of the question.

THE COURT: Well, if the witness understands it, she may answer.

MS. PLACEK: Q And do you remember me a few seconds ago asking you whether you had a conversation with an officer, a youth officer, Steven Martkovich, M-a-r-k-o-v-i-c-h? Star No. 4067?

1	A The 2nd?
2	Q No, that is his star number, on the
3	2nd of August, correct?
4	A No, I didn't talk to no police officer.
5	Q Beg your pardon?
6	A No, I didn't talk to any police
7	officer on May 2nd.
8	Q Do you recall whether or not you told
9	
10	him, at this time, that you ordered Denise into
11	the house where an altercation was engaged in both
	over her, meaning Denise, talking with adult men?
12	A No.
13	Q No, you don't remember or no
14	A No, I don't remember.
15	Q I am sorry. No, you never made that
16	statement?
17	A I don't remember talking to an officer
18	on the 2nd.
19	Q Then is your answer to my question as
20	to whether or not you ever told the police, specifically
21	
22	the officer that I talked about before, that you and
23	Denise, after you ordered her into the house, you had
24	an altercation, was because she was talking with adult
	men?
	H + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +

1	A What do you mean by an altercation?
2	Q Well, what I am asking you is on
3	August 7th of 1988, you knew the police were
4	investigating the missing Denise Johnson, correct?
5	A The 7th.
6	Q August the 2nd, 2, I am sorry, August 2,
7	correct?
8	A Okay. You keep saying 7th.
9	Q I am sorry, maybe I am not talking
10	clearly. On the 2nd, correct, you knew the police
11	were investigating your missing niece, correct?
12	A Yes.
13	Q You not only knew that they were
14	investigating, as a matter of fact, you are the one
15	that called them, correct?
16	A Yes.
17	Q And you spoke to the police officers as
18	a result of your calling in order to find your niece,
19	correct?
20	A Yes.
21	Q And let me ask you this last.
22	When I asked you whether you spoke
23	to this Officer Steven, and I believe it's pronounced
24	Martkovich, and I spelled out his name and gave you his

1	star number, you said you didn't remember, correct?
2	A You said the 2nd.
3	Q The 2nd, I am sorry, on the 2nd.
4	A I spoke to an officer on the 1st, the
5	night she was missing.
6	Q All right. Let me ask you this.
7	Did you ever tell the Officers that,
8	in fact, you ordered Denise off the porch when she was
9	talking to Jeroma Hendricks?
10	A I told her to go upstairs.
11	Q Did you understand my question?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Then I would move to strike her answer
14	as non-responsive.
15	THE COURT: The answer stricken.
16	MS. PLACEK: Q Okay. Did you ever tell the
17	police that, in fact, you ordered Denise off the porch
18	when she was speaking to Jerome Hendricks?
19	MR. MURPHY: Objection.
20	THE COURT: What is the basis of your objection?
21	MR. MURPHY: There is no basis, this is not
22	impeachment.
23	THE COURT: It might be foundational for
24	admissibility of the statement under 115-10-1.1 as

substantive evidence.

It's only foundational at this
point and that is what she is ralying on, whether she
can prove it up, whether she can close up the impeachment
or establish it as a basis for admissibility as
substantive evidence, I cannot yet tell.

If she doesn't make the foundation with this witness, when she is on the stand, when will she make it?

MR. MURPHY: I understand that, but she is asking -- but it would appear, at best, for the defense, a prior consistent statement.

She said she told her to get off the porch.

THE COURT: No, no, no, this witness has consistently said that she does not recall ever telling the police officer anything about that. That is what she is asking her about, not what she -- not the conversation that witness had with Denise, she is talking about the conversation with the witness, the witness had with the police officer.

MR. MURPHY: She said, did you ever tell the police --

THE COURT: And the witness says she doesn't

know, she didn't recall having told the police any	, rurua
so far. She hasn't recalled, so far, as I can	
recall her testimony, she has not acknowledged to	lling
the police a single thing.	

MR. CASSIDY: So the record is clear, she has not been asked the proper date, I believe.

THE COURT: That may be, Mr. Cassidy, she hasn't, she has indicated she is confused about the dates, but that is not the issue we are talking about now, that is not the basis of your objection.

The basis of your objection was a response to what this witness had said to Denise and we are not asking her that, that is why I struck the answer as not being responsive.

Put another question. Your objection is overruled.

MS. PLACEK: Q Did you ever tell the police that you, in fact, ordered Denise off the porch when she was speaking to Jerome Hendricks?

A When Denise was speaking to Jerome Hendricks, I told her to go upstairs.

MS. PLACEK: Motion to strike as non-responsive.

THE COURT: Would you listen to the question and see if you can answer the question that is being

put to you.

If you do not understand the question, if you will say so, I will have her put another question to you.

Do you understand?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: Put another question.

MR. PLACEK: Thank you, your Honor.

Did you ever tell the police that you ordered Denise off the porch when she was speaking to Jerome Hendricks?

THE WITNESS: I don't understand what you mean by "order her."

MS. PLACEK: Q Did you ever tell the police that you ordered Denise off the porch, ordered, comanding her off the porch when she was speaking to Jerome Hendricks?

THE COURT: Did you tell the police that?

THE WITNESS: I don't understand what she is saying.

THE COURT: She is asking you, did you ever tell a police officer that you told Denise to get off the porch?

THE WITNESS: No.

1	THE COURT: You never told that to a police
2	officer?
3	THE WITNESS: No.
4	THE COURT: Put another question.
5	Ms. PLACEK: Thank you.
6	pid you ever tell the police that
7	because of your ordering Denise off the porch to
8	stop talking to Jaroma Hendricks, that you and Danise
9	got in a fight?
10	THE WITNESS: No.
11	MS. PLACEK: Q Thank you.
12	Did you ever tell the police that
13	as part of the fight that you fought with Denise over
14	her seeing adult men
15	A Could you repeat that?
16	Q Surely.
17	Did you ever tell the police
18	that as part of the fight, you spoke to Denise about
19	her seeing adult men?
20	MR. MURPHY: Objection.
21	THE COURT: Basis?
22	MR. MURPHY: Relevance.
23	THE COURT: Overruled, on the relevancy
24	grounds.

1	THE WITNBSS: I just told her she couldn't see
2	the mens.
3	MS. PLACEK: I move to strike.
4	THE COURT: Strike.
5	MS. PLACEK: Q Did you ever tell the police,
6	as part of the fight in the house, that you argued about
7	Denise seeing adult men?
8	A I don't understand.
9	Q I am sorry?
10	A I don't understand you.
11	Q Did you ever tell the police that you
12	had a fight with Denise in the house and as part of
13	the fight, you fought with her about her seeing adult
14	men?
15	A No.
16	Q Thank you.
17	Now, isn't it correct that
18	Denise then returned after she was in the house
19	with you, back to the porch?
20	A Yes.
21	Q And you went to look for her about 20
22	minutes later, is that correct?
23	A No.
24	Q About how long later I apologize, about

11		
1	how long befor	e you went back to find Denise I
2	am sorry, did	you ever Let me rephrase.
3		Did you ever go looking for
4	Denise after v	ou were in the house with her?
5	·	After I was in the house with her?
6		Yes?
7	•	She was in the house with me.
8		
	Q	Well, she left the house, didn't she?
9	I withdraw and	rephrase.
10		You stated for the Assistant State's
11	Attorney that	you and Denise went in the house,
12	correct?	
13	A	Yes.
14	Q	How long did you and Denise stay in the
15	house?	•
16	A	Denise stayed in the house five minutes.
17	Q	Beg your pardon?
18	A	Five minutes.
19	Q	How long did you stay in the house?
20	1	Five minutes.
21		Well, isn't it correct that Denise
22		before you did?
23		
24	A	Yes.
	Q	Isn't it corract that Denise told you

1	that she was going back to the porch?
2	A Yes, she asked.
3	Q How long Withdraw.
4	Did you return to the porch with
5	her?
6	A No.
7	Q How long after Denise returned to
8	the porch did you return to the porch, if ever?
9	A Could you repeat that for me?
10	Q Surely.
11	After Denise left, how long until
12	you returned to the porch, if ever?
13	A Five minutes.
14	So, would it be correct in saying
15	that you, in fact, stayed in the house ten minutes?
16	A Five minutes, I stayed in the house
17	five minutes.
18	Q Well, would that Excuse me?
19	A Pive minutes.
20	Q And that would be in total, correct?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Okay. Thank you.
23	Now let me ask you this.
24	You stated that Denise was living

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	with your mother, correct?
1	A Yes.
2	Q Do you know whether Denise's natural
3	mother was, in fact, alive?
4	MR. MURPHY: Objection.
5	THE COURT: Overruled.
6	THE WITNESS: Yes.
7	MS. PLACEK: Q As a matter of fact, isn't it
8	correct that you know of your own personal knowledge
9	that your mother, or strike that, I am sorry, your
10	mother, Mrs. Fields, was appointed Denise's guardian,
11	correct?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Thank you.
14	Do you know who Hardy Johnson 13?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Would you tell his Honor, Judge Holt,
17	who Hardy Johnson is?
18	A Her grandfather.
19	THE COURT: I am sorry?
20	THE WITNESS: Denise's grandfather.
21	MS. PLACEK: Q Do you know where Hardy Johnson

A No, I don't.

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lives?

Do you know who William McGoy is?

2	A	Yes, I do.
3	Q.	Would you tell his Honor, Judge Holt,
4	who William M	cGoy is?
5	A	He is my grandfather.
6	Q	Isn't it correct William McGoy is,
7	in fact, Deni	se's father?
8	A	No.
9	Q	All right. Thank you.
10		Now, your niece was a small
11	girl, wasn't	she?
12	A	Yes.
13	Q	She wasn't quite five feet, was she?
14	A	She was about five.
15	Q	Did she weigh yet 100 pounds?
16	A	Yas.
17	Q	But she was small boned, not a fat person
18	like myself,	correct?
19	A	She was small.
20	Q	Okay. Thank you.
21		Do you know a gentleman by the
22	name of Grad	gory Waters?
23	А	No, I don't.
24	Q	Do you know a gentleman by the name of
	83	

1	Gregory Wilson?
2	A No.
3	Q Did you ever tell the police Withdraw.
4	Isn't it correct that, in fact,
5	that Denise had been staying at your house several
6	days before the date of August 1st?
7	A Repeat that for me, please?
8	Q Isn't it correct that Denise had been
9	staying at your house several days before August 1st?
10	A No.
11	Q Did you ever tell the police that
12	Denise had been living at your house for several days
13	before August 1st?
14	A No.
15	Q Thank you, Ma'am.
16 17	Isn't it correct that Denise
18	said that she wanted to see Jerome Hendricks?
19	A No.
20	MR. CASSIDY: Objection, Judge, foundation.
21	THE COURT: The objection is sustained.
22	MS. PLACEK: Withdraw.
	*

Isn't it correct, when you were fighting with Denise in the house, she stated to you that she, in fact, wanted to see Jarome

1	Hendricks?
2	THE WITNESS: No.
3	MS. PLACEK: Q Isn't it correct that, in fact -
4	Withdraw.
5	How long did you know your
6	niece?
7	A Since she was a baby.
8	Q How long had she been living with your
9	mother?
10	A A year and a half.
11	Q How long had she been babysitting for
12	you?
13	A Denise?
14	Q Yes?
15	A Off and on.
16	Q Would it be correct in saying that you
17	knew that Denise ran away?
18	MR. MURPHY: Objection.
19	MS. PLACEK: Of her own personal knowledge?
20	THE COURT: What is the basis?
21	MR. CASSIDY: Calls for a conclusion and
22	relevance.
23	THE COURT: Relevance.
24	MR. CASSIDY: Form of the question, calls for

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a conclusio	n and	rala	vance.
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THE COURT: The objection is overruled as to all three grounds.

It neither calls for a conclusion that she is incapable of drawing, it's not irrelevant, but it might be, I can't tell.

MR. CASSIDY: Offer of proof, then, Judge.

THE COURT: What offer of proof?

If there were a jury out here, maybe an offer of proof would make some sense, but after she tells me what she is going to tell me, what difference does it make?

I can hear it now and decide whether or not it's relevant, just as well as I can hear it off the record and decide whether it's relevant and then put it on the record.

Let's make sense.

Objection is overruled.

MR. MURPHY: Judge, if I may pursue that, Judge. What relevance does it have if she, even assuming it were true, if it were --

THE COURT: Mr. Murphy, if it doesn't have any relevance, it won't have any credence, it won't have any weight, but because you say it's not relevant,

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1 I cannot tell whether it's going to be relevant and 2 it may become terribly relevant. 3 Objection is overruled. 4 MR. CASSIDY: Thank you, Judge. 5 MS. PLACEK: Q Isn't it correct that you knew 6 Denise was a runaway? 7 A She never ran away. 8 When you say she never ran away, is it 9 your tastimony that to the best of your knowledge you 10 knew Denise never ran away from your mother? 11 A Never. 12 13

You knew that Denise -- Well, let me ask this.

Isn't it true that Denise often stayed at the, when she ran away, stayed at her step-grandfather's apartment?

MR. MURPHY: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MR. MURPHY: Objection, form of the question.

THE COURT: Mr. Murphy, as I understand what you told me in the opening statement, albeit it's your opening statement and is not evidence, you are going to have me infer from this evidence that this, because as I understand your opening statement, that there will

be no direct evidence that places this Defendant in the company of the victim at the time of the death, and you are going to, therefore, ask me to infer that she was with the Defendant.

The Defendant has a right to ask
me to infer that she may have been with any number of
other people on the same foundational basis that you
are going to ask for me to infer the contrary, and
that is all it's being offered here for is to show a
pattern of conduct by this victim, and that would
allow another inference that you champion for and it's
relevant, it's as relevant as the testimony that you
are going to offer and ask me to conclude that, therefore,
the victim was within, was with the Defendant.

Objection overruled.

MR. MURPHY: That was not the basis of my objection, though.

The basis of my objection was assuming a fact not in evidence.

The witness said she was, did not show -- she ran away, the next question was when she ran away, did she go to her grandfather's. It's improper.

THE COURT: Mr. Murphy, the objection is overruled.

1	MS. PLACER: May I proceed, your Honor?
2	THE COURT: You may.
3	MR. PLACEK: Thank you.
4	Isn't it correct that when
5	Denise ran away, she went to her step-grandfather's
6	apartment and stayed there?
7	A She never ran away.
8	Q Thank you.
9	To the best of your knowledge, did
10	you ever make that statement to the police?
11	A Yes.
12	Q That, in fact, she went, she ran away,
13	could be found at the apartment of her step-grandfather?
14	A No, I didn't.
15	Q Okay. Thank you.
16	Now, calling your attention to what
17	has been marked as People's No. 7 Can I?
18	It's the picture.
19	THE COURT: I see it.
20	MR. PLACEK: Q How old was Denise when that
21	picture was taken?
22	A She was 12.
23	Ω Thank you.
24	THE COURT: How old?

1	THE WITNE	SS: 12.
2	MS. PLACE	K: Q Now, calling your attention to
3		ented, when was the first time that you
4	saw this diagram	
5		en I came here:
6	·	on you say when you came here, does that
7		"here," mean in this courtroom?
8		, the State's Attorneys'.
9		rdon?
10		State's Attornays'
11		er at the State's Attorney's Office,
12	is that correct?	
13	A Ye	3.
14	1	w many times had you been at the
15	State's Attorney	
16		Lce.
17	Q Wes	es you there during, in fact Excuse
18	me, withdraw.	in the same and th
19		When were these two times?
20	A Too	lay and last week.
21		reryou ever there in the year of 1990
22		nt State's Attorneys?
23	A No.	
24	Q Tha	ink you.

1	Now, you described certain clothing
2	that your niece had on, correct?
3	A Yes.
4	Q And when we speak of clothing that your
5	niece wore, I believe you described certain shoes,
6	correct?
7	A Yes.
8	Q How long had she had those shoes?
9	A Not too long.
10	Q How long is "not too long," to you?
11	A Three months.
12	Q And let me ask you this.
13	I beliave you described a color,
14	correct?
15	A Yes.
16	Q What color were they?
17	A White.
18	Q Thank you.
19	May I have one moment, Judge?
20	To the best of your knowledge, on
21	August 7th of 1988, do you know whetheror not a
22	report of Denise being seen alive at approximately,
23	well, let me just start there.
24	no you know whether or not on

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1	approximately, between the time of August 1st and
2	August 7th of 1988 there was reported to you by the
3	Chicago Police Department or Youth Officers investigating
4	Denise's missing, that she was, in fact, seen alive?
5	MR. MURPHY: Objection.
6	THE COURT: Objection is sustained.
7	MS. PLACEK: Your Honor, that is all I have.
8	Thank you, M'am,
9	THE COURT: Redirect?
0	MR. CASSIDY: May I approach the bench, Judge?
11	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
12	BY
13	MR. CASSIDY:
14	Q I will show you what will be marked as
15	Peopla's Exhibit No. 12 for identification.
16	
	Do you recognize what these are?
17	A Yes.
18	Q What do you recognize them to be?
19	A Danise's shoes.
20	Q Ara those the shoes that you last
21	seen her wearing on August 1st of 1988?
22	MR. LUFRANO: Objection as to whether they are
23	the same or similar.

THE COURT: What is the basis of that objection?

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MS.	PLACEK:	Withdrawn,	Judge.
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MR. CASSIDY: Q These are shoes?

A Yes.

She was wearing on August 1st of 1988?

A Yes.

MR. CASSIDY: No further questions, Judge.

RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY

MS. PLACEK:

Q And those are the same shoes that you described with the State's Attorney, and we can mark these, Counsel, what marking?

MR. CASSIDY: 12.

MS. PLACEK: Q Those are the same shoes that you described when this Assistant State's Attorney asked you questions, correct?

A Yes.

And you described, as a matter of fact, the name, "Denise," being in green, correct?

MR. CASSIDY: Objection, Judge. She didn't say green.

THE COURT: The objection is sustained.

MS. PLACEK: Q Well, let me ask you this.

Did you, in fact, when this gentleman

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1	was asking you questions, describe the name of Denise
2	baing in green on thosa shoes?
3	A Can you repeat that?
4	Q When this gentleman was asking you questions
5	about 15 minutes ago and asked you to describe the
6	shoes, did you, in fact, describe those shoes as
7	having Denise's name written in green?
8	A No.
9	MS. PLACEK: Thank you.
10	That is all, Judge.
11	THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Cassidy?
12	MR. CASSIDY: No.
13	THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Hill, you may step
14	down.
15	(Witness excused.)
16	THE COURT: Mr. Cassidy, I would Are we likely
17	to get another witness on or off before 5:00 o'clock?
18	MR. CASSIDY: It's John's witness.
19	MR. MURPHY: I think, you know, it really
20	depends on cross.
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I would say that the direct of this next witness would be no more than five to seven minutes.

THE COURT: Well, let's try. He will have to come

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       back if we don't finish.
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              MR. MURPHY: People would call Larry Nitsche.
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                             Judge, if I may, some of the
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       witnesses are being called out of order, I would
5
       like to call them in for their convenience.
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              MS. PLACER: We praviously spoke of that.
7
       Since this is a benc trial, certainly, your Honor.
8
                                       (Witness sworn.)
9
              THE COURT: You may be seated.
10
                             Good afternoon, how are you?
11
              THE WITNESS:
                             Good.
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              THE COURT: You may proceed, Mr. Murphy.
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              MR. MURPHY: Thank you, Judge.
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DET.	LAWRENCE	NITCHE
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called as a witness herein, after having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY

MR. MURPHY:

- Q Would you state your name and spell your last name for the Court Reporter?
 - A My name is Lawrence Nitche, N-i-t-c-h-e.
 - Q Mr. Nitche, by whom are you employed?
 - A City of Chicago.
- Q And in what capacity are you employed now?
- A I am now with the truck investigations for the Corporation Counsel.
- Q Were you employed with the Chicago Police
 Department at one time?
 - A Yes.
 - Q In what capacity were you employed there?
- A As a Detective With Area 2 Violent Crimes.
- Q How long did you work for the Chicago Police Department?
 - A Approximately 20 years.

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a	And in your capacity	now, y	ou are	also
amploved by	the Chicago Police Depa	rtment	?	

I am officially on a leave of absence with A the Chicago Police Department.

And, Mr. Nitche, you said you were a Detective in Area 2?

Yes.

I would like to direct your attention to the date of August 8th of 1988, were you working on that particular day?

Yes.

On that particular day, did you have an occasion to come into contact with any individuals that you see in Court today?

Yes, sir.

Would you please point to that person and indicate an article of clothing?

Ha is --

MS. PLACEK: Stipulate he would be pointing to Jerome Hendricks.

MR. MURPHY: So stipulated, your Honor.

THE COURT: Let the record so reflect.

MR. MURPHY: Q And, Detactive Nitche, was the Defendant, on August 8th of 1988, brought to Area 2

THE COURT: Excuse me, Mr. Murphy, this witness testified on the suppression hearing, didn't he?

MS. PLACEK: Yes, he did, Judge.

THE COURT: Are we going to go back through his whole testimony again? I heard it once.

foundation for the admissibility of the written document, can't we just assume that his testimony or stipulate his testimony given at the suppression hearing would be the testimony that I would hear now, or is there something new that you are going into?

MS. PLACEK: I suggest, also, that if the State is going about it this way, this gentleman isn't going to be off by 5:00, even with the State's testimony on direct.

THE COURT: You know, you can do it, Mr. Murphy,
I don't know what the purpose is, I heard his testimony
once and I remember it and I have notes on it, I don't
know why I need to hear it all over again.

MR. MURPHY: I believe the substance of the statement will be gone into by the Detective and also at this point, it's my understanding that unless both

parties stipulate to evidence, we are starting from point zero in this trial.

THE COURT: I know.

MR. MURPHY: I can't assume that evidence came out during the trial hearing is true.

THE COURT: I thought, maybe --

MS. PLACEK: There is a transcript in existence.

THE COURT: Is there any possibility that we don't have to go through this, because we might as well take him off the stand now and bring him back Monday, because we are are not going to get through by 5:00 o'clock.

MS. PLACEK: I know the State has a copy of the transcript.

MR. MURPHY: Well, Judge, what I intend to go into is an oral statement.

into, Mr. Murphy, and I anticipate precisely that the Defense will do as much of a cross examination around that as they did on the motion to suppress and that is going to keep us here well beyond 5:00 o'clock and I just wondered out loud whether that could be avoided, since I have heard this testimony before.

MS. PLACEK: And there is a transcript.

THE COURT: On the other hand, if it can't, then I would suggest that we recess Mr. Nitche from the stand and ask him if he could kindly return on Monday.

MR. MURPHY: If there is a way to shorten it, we are open to it.

MS. PLACER: I will stipulate to the transcript, to the point of the transcript, Judge.

THE COURT: And then I have his testimony, direct and cross.

MR. MURPHY: What you don't have is the substance of the statement and the fact that the Miranda Rights were given.

MS. PLACEK: Miranda Rights were spoke of, Judge. I will do whatever the Court --

MR. MURPHY: At the point they were asked about it, there was an objection, whether the Court will assume they are correctly given.

There was an objection sustained.

THE COURT: Is there going to be an issue about the Defendant given Miranda Warnings?

MS. PLACEK: The Court ruled on my motion.

MR. MURPHY: I don't know what that means because at this point, there is no evidence that

1 Miranda Rights were given. 2 THE COURT: Proceed, Mr. Murphy. 3 MS. PLACEK: I suggest this is going to take a 4 very long time, then. 5 THE COURT: 5:00 o'coock we will release Mr. 6 Nitche from the stand. 7 MS. PLACEK: I have a real problem with 8 piscemeal, I will do whatever the Court wnats, Judge. 9 MR. MURPHY: Whatever you want to do. 10 THE COURT: Proceed. 11 MR. MURPHY: Q Detective Nitche, you testified 12 you gave the Defendant his Miranda Rights? 13 A Yas. 14 How did you give his Miranda Rights? 15 I read them from a pre-printed card, 16 an FOP calendar book. 17 MR. MURPHY: Do you want to stipulate they were 18 qiven? 19 MS. PLACEK: There would be such a stipulation 20 that those rights were given. 21 MR. MURPHY: So stipulated, your Honor. 22 Now, Datective Nitche, after you 23 gave the Defendant his Miranda Rights, could you tell 24 Judge Holt what, if anything, was said between you

and the Defendant?

THE WITNESS: Yas. The Defendant indicated to me that he wanted to do everything possible to clear his name and he would cooperate completely with the investigation.

Q Did you have an occasion to ask him about any particular dates?

A Yes, I did. I asked him about the lst of August, 1988, could be give me his whereabouts for that night.

Q What did he tell you?

A He stated that around from 6:00 o'clock to approximately quarter to 9:00 he was across the street at a guy's, a friend of his named Tom, I believe it was, 244 West 117th Street.

Q That would have been across the street from his house?

- A From his house.
- Q What else did he tell you that night?
- A After he left Tom's house, he came home for ten minutes and had something to eat. He left his house sometime before 9:00 o'clock and walked to West Pullman Park. He said along the way he ran into James Walker and I think --

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Q	Is that	James	Walker	or	Michael	Walker?
A	Michael	Walker	r.			

MS. PLACEK: Objection, Judge.

THE COURT: Objection is sustained. Leading.

MR. MURPHY: Q What is the name of the individual?

He said it was Michael Walker and it was Tina, I can't think of her last name, it slips my mind right now, but he did see these people along the way as he walked to West Pullman Park.

> Approximately what time was this about? 0

Approximately 9:00 o'clock. He said he stayed at West Pullman Park for some time around 9:30 when he left and went to a school playground, I think it was White.

Is that at White's School?

At White's School Playground.

MS. PLACEK: Judge.

THE COURT: Objection sustained. Do not lead.

MR. MURPHY: Q And what else did he tell you that night?

He met a couple more of his friends there and a guy named Shorty Mack and one other fellow, the name slips my mind, but they played basketball and

dra	nk	a	few	beers	until	about	4:30	in	the	morning,
at	whi	lch	tin	ne the	y retu	rned h	oma.			

Q And at this time, anytime -- Datective Nitche, strike that.

How long did this conversation with the Defendant last?

A Approximately 20 minutes or so.

Q And at any time, did the Defendant ever tell you that he observed the victim, Danise Johnson?

MS. PLACEK: Objection, leading and suggestive.

Also foundational as to prior conversation.

THE COURT: Objection is sustained.

MR. MURPHY: Q Detective Nitche, during any time during this 20 minute conversation, did he ever tell you that after 6:00 o'clock in the evening until approximately 4:30 in the morning on August 1st and August 2nd of 1988 that he was with or saw Denise Johnson?

A No, he did not.

MS. PLACEK: Continuing objection as to the foundation. Not only the foundation, Judge, but it's improper as to leading and suggestive nature.

THE COURT: The objection is sustained. The answer will stand.

MR. MURPHY: May I ask what the basis is?

THE COURT: If you are going after an admission,
an admission by omission, you have to personally lay
a foundation that would have given the Defendant a
reasonable opportunity to make the statement you are
saying he didn't make.

You just can't ask him didn't he tell you something. He may not have been asked or not asked any question at all that would have elicited the response that you say he should have made.

Your objection is sustained.

MRL MURPHY: Detective Nitche, at any time when the Defendant was in your presence, did he have occasion to make any phone calls?

THE WITNESS: Yes, he did.

MR. MURPHY: Q Who did he call?

A He told me he was calling T.V. Reporter
Russ Ewing and he also made a phone call to his mother.

Q Approximately what time did he make those phone calls?

A I believe one was 9:15 and the other one was around 9:20.

Q Was that the extent of the contact you

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had	with	the	Defedant	after	9:00	o'clock	that
evei	ning?						

A Yes, sir, I did.

Q After 9:15 or 9:20?

A He was turned over to a couple other detectives and he was taken someplace else for a test.

MS. PLACER: Objection. Motion to strike the last part.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MR. MURPHY: No further questions, Judge.

MS. PLACEK: Motion to strike the entire testimony of the Officer as irrelevant to the matter at hand, August the 1st is the day, Judge.

If the Court will read the Indictment, I believe it doesn't deal with the aforementioned charge, no alibi, Judge, has, in fact, been filed by the Defense in this matter.

Therefore, it becomes irrelevant.

THE COURT: Overruled.

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CROSS EXAMINATION

BY

MS. PLACEK:

Q Let me ask you this, Officer, when you were questioning the Defendant on all the events that you testified to, those dealt with, in fact, his actions on August 1st of 1988, correct?

A That is correct, Ma'am.

Q And let me ask you this, also.

What date were you questioning

the Defendant?

A The 8th of August, Ma'am.

MS. PLACEK: Thank you, Judge.

If the State wishes, we can stipulate that this Officer did testify, there is no issue of force, we would ask that the State accept our stipulation as to the adoption of this Officer's previous testimony.

THE COURT: State?

MR. MURPHY: Judge, we would decline.

THE COURT: The stipulation is declined.

MS. PLACEK: Then I have no further questions of this Officer, Judge.

THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Placek.

Do you have any redirect?

MR. MURPHY: No, Judge.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Nitche, you may step down.

(Witness excused.)

THE COURT: The matter of Jerome Hendricks is continued order of Court February 8th at 1:00 p.m.

Only for the one matter we

discussed.

MS. PLACEK: With all due respect, Judge, the Court intends to go on this case?

THE COURT: I am sorry, I didn't quite hear you.

MS. PLACEK: I am sorry, Judge. The Court intends to go on this case as to Monday, correct, to take evidence?

THE COURT: Yes, that is my intention.

MS. PLACEK: Is that just -- I have to inform other judges I will not be available.

THE COURT: It's my intention to work Monday.

MR. MURPHY: If I can ask, do you know what time? Do you have any idea when you went to, when you anticipate we will start on Monday?

THE COURT: I venture to say 1:00 o'clock.

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(Which were all the proceedings had in this matter at this time.)

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OF COOK

Cook County, in said County and State, a above and foregoing to be a true, perfect RECORD CONSISTING OF THE REPORT	and Keeper of the and complete copy	of VOLUME FOUR O	eof, do hereby certif F A SIX VOLUME	y the
PURSUANT TO THE NOTICE OF APPEAL	L FILED IN THE	APPELLATE COURT UN	DER APPELLATE CO	URT NO
. 95-047A				
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in a certain cause LATELY				
The People of the State of Illinois WEI	re		, Plaintiff:	and
JEROME HENDRICKS	WAS	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, Defendan	L
		Witness: AUREI	LIA PUCINSKI,	
	Clerk	of the court, and the	Seal thereof, at Chi	cago
v.	In said	County, JUNE. 25.	,, 19	96
	(De) Que	********	rskind.	•••
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Transcript of Record Appeal

CCCR-310

to

APPELIAT	E	Court of Illinois
FIRST		_ District
SUPPLEMENTAL RECORD Circuit Court No.	88 CR 12517	FILE OURT
Trial Judge	LEO H. HOLT	JUL 10 HINEST
Reviewing Court N	No. 95-0474	CILBERT S. MARCHMENT
•	E OF THE STATE	
	V.O	

VS.

JEROME HENDRICKS

from CIRCUIT COURT of COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS

COUNTY DEPARTMENT, CRIMINAL DIVISION



AURELIA PUCINSKI

Clerk of Court

VOLUME FIVE OF SIX VOLUMES SUPPLEMENTAL RECORD

Per AP/nd

Deputy

1	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE COOK JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
2	COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS
3	THE PEOPLE OF THE)
4	STATE OF ILLINOIS,) CRIMINAL DIVISION
5	Plaintiff, }
6	VS.) CASE NO. 88-CR-12517
7	JEROME HENDRICKS,) CHARGE: MURDER, ETC.
8	Defendant.)
9	REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS of the hearing had
10	before the Honorable LEO E. HOLT, Judge of said
11	court, on the 8th day of February, 1991.
12	APPEARANCES:
13	HONORABLE JACK O'MALLEY,
14	State's Attorney of Cook County, by
15	MR. JOHN MURPHY,
16	MR. SCOTT CASSIDY,
17	Assistant State's Attorneys,
18	for the People of the State of Ill.
19	MR. RANDOLPH N. STONE,
20	Public Defender of Cook County, by
21	MS. MARIJANE PLACEK,
22	MR. VINCENT LUFRANO,
23	Assistant Public Defender,
24	for the defendant.

1 THE CLERK: Sheet 12, line 12; Jerome 2 Hendricks. 3 THE COURT: Where is Mr. Murphy? Do you 4 know, Mr. Coleman? 5 MR. COLEMAN: I thought I saw him when I 6 came down. 7 THE COURT: They may be in the jury room. 8 MR. COLEMAN: Let me check there. 9 THE COURT: Does the interview with the 10 officer Obviate the necessity of a hearing? 11 MR. LUFRANO: No, it did not, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: I have before me the motion of 13 the defendant, which is entitled a Motion to 14 Dismiss. And I take it, while the motion doesn't 15 tell me with particularity, I take it that the 16 defendant complains that the conduct of the 17 police violates his Fourteenth Amendmend right to 18 due process; that's as a result of the failure of 19 the State, through its agent, law enforcement 20 agents, failed to disclose matters which would 21 have been exculpatory or which bear upon the 22 guilt or innocence of the defendant, resulting in 23 a Brady violation, in contravention of his

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Fourteenth Amendment rights.

I have also been tendered a copy of a document wherein it is stated that a police officer came in to information from an anymous informant, and I'm not using that word as a word of art, but rather as a characterization, which may not be entirely accurate, but in any event, the police officer came in to information from some anonymous source, the anonymous source residing at a specific location, thereafter, the identity of that source is silent or efforts to identify that source are nonexistent.

Further, I understand the defense's position to be that if the identity of that source were known, that it is probable that that source would have information to the effect that the decedent in this case was seen alive subsequent to the time that the State contends she was last seen with the defendant, or at least the very least, as I understand it, the defendant would be able to utilize that person's information to raise a reasonable doubt as to whether or not the defendant was the last person to see the victim alive.

It's around the identity of that

1 person that this hearing concerns itself. What is 2 meant by the statement in the police report and 3 who the source of that information is the totality of the inquiry that I perceive this inquiry to be about. If I'm incorrect on that, 5 from either side's perpective, I'd like to know 6 7 about that now so that we can set the parameters 8 for this hearing. 9 MS. PLACEK: The Court is correct from the 10 defense's standpoint as to the statement of our 11 argument, Judge. 12 MR. MURPHY: Judge, I believe that's 13

accurate, as far as we know.

THE COURT: Miss Vrodolyak, call Mr. --MR. MURPHY: Judge, if I may? You intend to put him on the witness stand now, Judge?

THE COURT: Let me handle this other matter, and then we will come right back to this.

> (Whereupon, the case was passed and other proceedings had, after which the case was recalled and the following proceedings were had:)

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1 THE CLERK: Jerome Hendricks. THE COURT: I'm sorry, Mr. Murphy. I wanted 2 3 to get that matter out of the way. You asked me if I was going to put 5 the officer on the stand, and my answer to that 6 was yes. 7 MR. MURPHY: Your Honor, may I make a 8 comment to the Court before you proceed? 9 THE COURT: Sure. 10 MR. MURPHY: Your Honor, I believe, 11 accurately summed up what has gone on before with 12 regard to this motion. I understand your Honor is in a difficult position in one sense, because 13 14 there's a report that makes reference to an anonymous source with no person's name. And at 15 16 this point, the Court has no indication what has 17 happened further between the parties. 18 Your Honor, this officer was 19

Your Honor, this officer was brought in to court yesterday. The defendant had an opportunity, through his attorneys, to interview the officer.

And in addition to that, the officer was also brought into court today. And the defense attorneys have again, had an

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opportunity to, and in fact on yesterday's date and today's date, interviewed the police officer.

I'm sure that the defense attorneys will correct me if I'm wrong, but I was present during both of the interviews, and the officer told counsel that the anonymous souce was a reference to two women who gave him the information which is in the report; that those two women refused to give him their names.

MR. LUFRANO: He didn't say they refused to give him their names. I never asked him about that.

MR. MURPHY: That's something that I'm aware of, that's my information. All of the information he has is within the reports. The officer would say he has never been contacted before this week by defense or anybody else with regard to eliciting information about that report, which was in their posession.

Your Honor, there's been no showing at all that the State's Attorney's Office or that the police have withheld any information. In fact, at the time the officer prepared this report, it was not known to him that this was a

homicide. This report was prepared the day before the body was discovered.

Your Honor, we cannot understand why the officer should be put on the witness stand. I don't believe there's any authority for that. The defense attorneys have been given the reports with all of the information he has. They have been given an opportunity, I think, to unusually interview him about that report. We have made him available for that. How they choose to handle that interview and what information they choose to elicit is up to them. But he's available, and he's spoken to them willingly on two occasions. We don't understand the necessity of having to put him on the witness stand and have him asked questions under oath. What purpose does that serve?

MS. PLACEK: To show the Court that harm was, in fact -- the representation nor the right to interview doesn't make the record.

THE COURT: My understanding of Brady and it's progeny is that a Brady violation occurs whether the failure to disclose is advertent or inadvertent. Good-faith disclosure does not

vitiate a Brady violation.

Brady is not predicated upon fault either by the law enforcement policing agency or the prosecutorial arm of the State or anybody else. It has nothing to do with fault.

As a matter of fact, Brady violations can occur under the most scrupulous and diligent efforts to disclose. The question, however, becomes whether or not, in fact, there was anything to disclose. And in the posture in which you have postulated, there's nothing to disclose.

On the other hand, there appears to be something to disclose.

My further understanding is that the defense makes out its Brady violation if they establish that it is probable that a violation has occurred. They don't have to prove it beyond a reasonable doubt or by a preponderance of the evidence or anything of that nature.

Thus, I can find no way to resolve what appears to be a conflict. Maybe it's not a conflict, Mr. Murphy and Mr. Cassidy. Maybe it's perfectly consistent, but I can't tell without a

hearing. And that's why it's necessary to put the police officer on the stand.

Not that what you say is incorrect, but the record doesn't show what you have said. All the record shows is I have got a motion to dismiss alleging certain facts, and no facts have been elicited on which to either grant or deny that motion with the defendant insisting that his Fourteenth Amendment rights have been violated. And it would be, in my judgment, ludicrous to have this case come back for want of a ten minute hearing to determine with particularity what's going on with this situation.

MR. MURPHY: Judge, it just seems ironic that because of the defendant's failure to follow through on whatever report they may have had in their possession on previous dates and even today's date and asking the appropriate questions this officer has to be put on the stand and be subject to questioning. I don't know even if the Court is going to allow cross examination or how this is going to be handled.

THE COURT: I don't find that a hardship on

the officer to be asked questions under oath. He's going to tell the truth.

MR. MURPHY: I understand that, Judge.

THE COURT: What hardship is that to him?

And how does that in any way demean him or harass
him or anything else.

MR. MURPHY: Because it's like a deposition. And why should the officer subject himself or any witness. This is not a criminal proceedings at this point. And the basis for conducting this hearing is primarily because the defendant has failed to follow through on a report that they received, they never addressed. They could have contacted the officer.

THE COURT: Probably not, Mr. Murphy. And timeliness may be a question here. But I have decided not to concern or address the question of timeliness, because it is of such overriding importance that timeliness seems to be an inappropriate way to resolve this constituional issue that the defendant has raised.

But on the other hand, it does not appear that even timeliness would have obviated this hearing, because presumptively, at least,

you may say it's speculative, but it seems to me that presumptively, had they gone to the officer six months ago or a year ago, he would have told them the same thing that he told them today and yesterday, which would not have resolved this issue. So, we would still be right in the same place.

It is true that this issue need not have emerged at this late stage, but it would have emerged under any circumstances and in the identical posture in which it now emerges, it seems to me.

MR. CASSIDY: So, the record is clear, I believe the issue is whether any harm has been brought to the defendant, is that correct, Judge?

THE COURT: Well, -- whether there has been a Brady violation and whether it is material.

MR. CASSIDY: I believe counsel said she had this when we tendered our discovery material.

THE COURT: She had the document. And there's no question that she had the document for a number of months.

MR. CASSIDY: And there's an address on the document. Defense has presented no evidence

whatsoever -- after arraignment when we tendered our discovery material, that she sent anybody out to this address or made any steps to go to this address. The last minute, two years later, she comes before the Court and says it's very important to our case, right before the jury is about to walk in, it's very important to our case.

She had this address. They had investigators. They could have gone out there to the house.

I know you say there's a probability that something might have went on here. But there's nothing supporting their motion by affidavit saying what the probabilities are in this case, what harm has possibly been brought to the defendant. There's nothing to support by affidavit in their motion. And they had a chance to talk to the officer about why they think harm has been brought. So, all of this is speculation on the Court's part. Even after talking to the officer, nothing is contained in the motion what they expect the officer can say; so, we can do this in every

situation, Judge. They could bring a motion in front of your Honor and you can call witnesses any time you want.

And I understand your reasoning.

And I like your reasoning, you know -- why try a case again. To me that begging the question.

It's hard to respond to that question. We can do this every time we have a trial. We can bring a witness out, based upon their skimpy evidence that they present to the court. That's all I have to say, Judge.

THE COURT: Mr. Cassidy.

MR. CASSIDY: Yes.

THE COURT: It is true what you are saying is that the defendant has not been as diligent as he might have been in following up the sparsity of the information he had. That does not obviate a Brady violation. It does not obviate it, because the onus of Brady is on the State, not on the defense. And what I'm looking for is not to see whether or not the defendant has made meaningful use of information that was supplied to him, but whether or not there was meaningful information which was not supplied. That's all.

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That's the extent of my inquiry.

MR. CASSIDY: Okay.

THE COURT: Once I have satisfied myself that there has been no failure to disclose advertently or inadvertently, the inquiry comes to a close.

MR. CASSIDY: Sure. But my second point is this. Any motion should be supported by -- Strike that.

They had a chance to talk to the officer. They could have cleared up what the officer was going to say, and they could have presented that in a written motion, what they expect the officer to say, and then you could have ruled upon it.

THE COURT: Well, unfortunately,

Mr. Cassidy, here's how I view that.

MR. CASSIDY: Sure.

THE OCURT: Circuit Court rule -- whatever it is, requires that matters which do not appear of record, that a motion be supported by -- under affirmation or by -- under oath or by an affidavit or something of that nature. That rule can only be applicable to matters which are not

of fundamental constitutional magnitude, because neither a statute or a court ruling can impede the full excercising of the defendant's constitutional rights.

Thus, the failure to put under oath or to make an affidavit, unless in some very narrow circumstances, don't operate to bar a hearing.

For instances, Circuit Court Rules would seem to require that a motion to suppress statements or evidence or to quash an arrest be under oath, and the failure to place it under oath obviates the necessity for a hearing, and some cases in Illinois have so held.

There are other cases, including an Illinois Supreme Court case, which says that the Circuit Court rule is not applicable, because we deal with a defendant's constitutional right, and court rules cannot abrogate his rights under the constitution. That's what I have here, because I have a clear -- if there was a Brady violation, you would agree with me, I'm sure, that that Brady violation constitutes a demunition of the defendant's Fourteenth Amend

1 rigts. Thats' what Brady is predicated upon. That's how Brady emerged, that it's base. 2 3 And so, therefore, I'm not terribly concerned about, again, the procedural 4 defaults, if there be any. 5 MR. CASSIDY: Okay. 6 7 THE COURT: What I want to do is get to the 8 substance of this problem, which we could have 9 done, perhaps, a half hour ago, after we 10 discussed the procedural things. But I 11 understand. The record is now clear what my 12 thinking is. And if you will call your witness, 13 we will proceed. 14 MR. MURPHY: He's present. 15 THE COURT: Miss Placek, if you're going to 16 call him, you should do so. 17 MS. PLACEK: The only thing I would like to 18 correct the record for is that I have been the 19 defendant's attorney for less than a year, 20 although, there would be imputed knowledge, 21 because my office represented. 22 I'd ask that he be made the 23 Court's witness, Judge.

THE COURT: On what basis?

MS. PLACER: On the basis, Judge, as the Court has pointed out, this is a constitutional issue, and in fact, not in my basis an advisary procedure. I would suggest, Judge, that the Court has limited the parameters rightly so, of the interrogation of the witness.

My suggestion, the reason for the Court's witness is that it's my understanding when such motions raise to the scope as we have risen it to of a constitutional issue, the Court should also be directly involved with the inquiry.

THE COURT: State.

MR. MURPHY: Judge, we would object. The defendant -- this is the defendant's request. If the defendant wants to put them on, I think they have the opportunity. The Court is allowing them to do that.

THE COURT: I'm going to decline to call the witness as a Court witness. If it appears that this witness is hostile to either side, that determination may change.

In any event, the latitude of this hearing is pretty broad, and if I find that the

1 respones of the witness needd to be probed 2 further, or in areas that neither the State nor 3 the defense have gone into, I have the option of 4 putting further questions to him in furtherance of the truth, any way. So, there is no reason 5 6 for me to call him as a Court's witness at this 7 time. 8 If you wish to call him, please do 9 so. 10 MR. MURPHY: Judge, also, we would ask that 11 the police report, which is in question, remain

MR. MURPHY: Judge, also, we would ask that the police report, which is in question, remain part of the court file so the court will have an opportunity of viewing at the time of the examination.

MS. PLACEK: I have no objection to it.

THE COURT: I have read it.

MR. MURPHY: For the record, I'm tendering a copy. We have extra copies if the Court wants to keep that copy.

THE COURT: We're going to make it part of the court file.

MS. PLACEK: Quite frankly, it can go in as a joint exhibit or either as the defendant's exhibit on the motion.

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1	THE COURT: Call your witness.
2	MS. PLACEK: Officer Kaddigan.
3	(Witness sworn.)
4	THE COURT: Officer, that microphone is on.
5	If you will pull it over in front of you and
6	speak directly into it, we will all hear you.
7	You may proceed.
8	MS. PLACEK: Thank you.
9	DAVID KADDIGAN,
10	called as a witness on behalf of the Defendant,
11	having been first duly sworn, was examined and
12	testified as follows:
13	DIRECT EXAMINATION
14	BY
15	MS. PLACEK:
16	Q Sir, state your name, please.
17	A David kADDIGAN, K-a-d-d-i-g-a-n.
18	Q How are you employed?
19	A Chicago Police Department.
20	Q Calling your attention to the date of
21	August 7, 1988, were you likewise employed?
22	A Yes, I was.
23	Q What exactly were your duties or
24	assignment?

1	A I was a youth officer assigned to the
2	youth division.
3	Q When you say you were a youth officer,
4	what were your duties as a youth officer?
5	A My duties as a youth officer involved
6	investigating child abuse complaint,
7	investigating missing persons and handling
8	juvenile arrest cases.
9	Q Specifically, when you say your duty
L O	was investigating missing persons, am I correct
1	in assuming that those would, in fact, be minors,
.2	correct?
L 3	A All missing persons.
L 4	Q So, in other words, that's not limited
L 5	to children or adults, correct?
6	A Correct.
٦	Q Calling your attention to that same
. 8	time and date, did you eventually become involved
9	with the report of a missing person of a
20	Denise Johnson?
21	A Yes.
22	Q How long previous to the August 7th
23	date were you, in fact, involved in that
24	investigation?

1	A I think I had that case assigned to me
2	one day previously.
3	Q So, would it be correct to say that
4 .	that would be August 6th?
5	A No, it was a couple of days before
6	that, I believe. I'm not sure.
7	Q When you say a couple of days, would it
8	be between the range of August 5th to the 6th to
9	the eventual 7th, correct?
LO	A I think she was reported on the 1st,
l 1	so, somewhere between the 1st and the 7th.
L 2	Q In your employment, did you try and
L 3	develop certain sources to find the whereabouts
L 4	of this young lady?
L 5	A I don't understand the question.
16	Q As part of your job, did you try and
L 7	develop certain sources to find the whereabouts
L 8	of this young lady?
19	A What do you mean by develop sources? I
20	went out and talked to people to see if they had
21	seen the girl.
22	Q Did you know these people before?
23	A No.
2.4	O Were these complete strangers?

1	A Strangers on the street.
2	Q When you say strangers on the street,
3	did you do this in a hit-and-miss manner?
4	A Pretty much so, yes.
5	Q When you say you did it on a
6	hit-and-miss manner, would it be correct in
7	saying that you went primarily around the girl's
8	house?
9	MR. CASSIDEY: Objection. I know your Honor
LO	doesn't want us objecting during the whole stage
11	of the trial, but I believe the motion is
L 2	centered upon the police report. And she's
13	alleging certain Brady violations within what's
L 4	contained in the police report.
15	THE COURT: Your objection is sustained.
16	MS. PLACEK: Q Let me ask you this,
17	officer. Calling your attention to, in fact,
L 8	your investigation, how many sources did you, in
19	fact, investigate?
20	MR. CASSIDY: Objection, same basis.
21·	THE COURT: I'm going to allow this one to
22	be answered.
23	THE WITNESS: A On my report dated the 7th

of August?

1 MS. PLACEK: Q I'm asking at any time? 2 At any time? 3 Q Yes. 4 I couldn't say. A 5 When you say you just went in this 6 haphazard manner to find these sources, in what 7 area did you look? 8 The area of --A 9 MR. CASSIDY: Objection, Judge. You know 10 how we feel about it. I'm not going to make objection after objection. The motion was 11 12 directed to August 7th, 1988, to a certain time, 13 location, contained in the police report. 14 THE COURT: I'm going to permit some latitude. The objection is overruled. 15 16 MS. PLACEK: Q In what area did you look? 17 In the area from which hae was reported 18 missing. 19 What area was that? 20 A 105th and State. 21 Did you know where the girl lived at Q 22 that time? 23 Α I believe she lived in the suburbs. 24 When you say in the suburbs, do you Q

1 know how far away from that State address you 2 gave that she lived? 3 Specifically in miles 4 Q Miles, yes. 5 No, I don't know that. 6 Well, more than one, more than two, 7 more than three? 8 Obviously more than one. A few miles. A 9 Am I correct in assuming that when you said you investigated at that State Street 10 address, that's because you had information 11 12 that's where she disappeared from, correct? 13 Α Correct. 14 Thank you. Now, let me ask you this. 15 When, in fact, you were investigating on that 16 State address, you had information given to you, 17 correct, concerning the whereabouts of this young 18 lady? 19 Α Excuse me. 20 You had information given to you concerning the whereabouts of this young lady? 21 22 Well, I had information from the other 23 police reports, is that what you mean?

Q

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I'm sorry. I did interrupt you.

1	A I don't understand the question
2	completely.
3	Q I will rephrase. You said you had
4	information from the other police reports,
5	correct?
6	A Yes.
7	Q And part of that information, and I
8	take it these were from missing persons reports,
9	is that she disappeared from the State address
10	you gave, correct?
11	A Relative lived there. She spent a lot
12	of time there. That's where she was reported

A Relative lived there. She spent a lot of time there. That's where she was reported missing from, and that's why the Chicago Police were investigating it.

- Q In that area, correct?
- A In that area, correct.
- Q In relationship to this investigation, did you receive any information about her whereabouts from any people?
- A On the 7th of August, I talked to two people who said they had seen her around 103rd and Michigan about five days earlier.
- Q And, as a matter of fact, am I correct in assuming that you saw those people face to

face, correct? 1 2 That's correct. 3 And do you know whether they were men or women? 5 A They were two women. 6 Were they living in a residence? Q 7 In front of a residence at 10537 South A 8 I asked them if they lived there, and 9 they said yes. 10 By the way, on August 7th, is that when Q 11 this happened, or when you wrote your report? 12 Α That's I -- the report was made the day 13 of the investigation. That's a day-to-day 14 report. And at that time, am I correct in 15 Q 16 assuming that you didn't know whether this was a 17 homicide or missing person report, correct? 18 To my knowledge, it was a missing Α 19 persons report. 20 Thank you, officer. And let me ask you

- Q Thank you, officer. And let me ask you this. Did you ever inquire of those two women whose address you knew, their names?
 - A I'm sure I did.
 - Q And did you ever record their names?

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1	A No. If I did, it would have been in my
2	report.
3	Q And when you say it would have been in
4	your report, you eventually did find out this was
5	a homicide, correct?
6	A I heard about it two days later that
7	the victim had been found murdered.
8	Q Let me ask you this. Am I correct,
9	also, in assuming that you passed on your report
10	to yor brothers in the Chicago Polie Department?
11	A To my brothers, I don't have any
l 2	brothers.
13	Q To your fellow officers.
L 4	A The reports stay within the youth
15	division, so it was passed on to another youth
16	officer.
17	Q Did you ever return to the State Street
7 8	address to find out who these people were?
19	A No, I never did.
20	Q To the best of your knowledge, did any
21	Chicago Police Officer do that?
22	A I couldn't say.
2 3	Q Let me ask you this. Am I correct in
24	assuming that as you testify here today, what

1	you're basically testifying from is you're
2	testifying from your conversation with the
3	State's Attorney and from reviewing your reports?
4	A I'm testifying from the report I
5	reviewed.
6	Q When you say the report you reviewd,
7	before you reviewed that report, am I correct in
8	assuming that your memory was, in fact,
9	exhausted?
10	MR. MURPHY: Objection, Judge.
11	THE COURT: Sustained.
12	MS. PLACEK: Q In connection with that
13	report and with these two sources you spoke with,
14	approximately how long did you speak to them?
15	A A minute maybe.
16	Q Well, officer, in that minute, how many
17	addresses did they give you as to where this
18	young lady might be located?
19	A I believe they said three, 103rd and
20	Michigan, then on Wabash around 109th, and
21	Wabash, and you know
22	Q Any other?
23	A I think on Michigan. I think they said
24	like 104th.

1	Q	Could it be 109th and Indiana?
2	A	It could be, yeah.
3	Q	That could that's, in fact, where
4	you found	out she had been missing from, the
5	general an	rea?
6	A	She was reported from 105th and State,
7	not 109th	and Indiana. It's about six blocks
8	away.	
9	Ω	Let me ask you this in one final
10	question,	officer. Could you describe these
11	ladies to	us?
12	A	I remember that they were Black women.
13	That's al	l I can tell you.
14	Ω	Can you give us an age?
15	A	No, I couldn't.
16	Q	Can you give us a height?
17	A	No, I couldn't.
18	Q	Can you give us a weight?
19	A	I'd have to say probably I'd have to
20	say they	are probably medium build.
21	Ω	Is that a guesstimate?
22	A	That's a guesstimate.
23	Ω	That's your memory, filling in from
2.4	what wou	don't remember or what you imagine you

1	remember, is that correct?
2	MR. MURPHY: Objection.
3	MS. PLACEK: Withdrawn.
4	If it pleases the Court, Judge,
5	based on the Court's restictions previously
6	stated, that would be all of the questions of
7	this officer.
8	THE COURT: Thank you.
9	CROSS EXAMINATION
10	вч
11	MR. MURPHY:
12	Q Officer Kaddigen, you testified there
13.	were two women you spoke to on that date,
14	correct?
15	A That's correct.
16	Q And these women didn't give you their
17	names, is that correct?
18	A That's correct.
19	Q And, therefore, you didn't put their
20	names in your report, is that correct?
21	A That's correct.
22	Q And officer, in your report, there's a
23	reference to a Hardy Johnson, is that correct?
24	MS PLACEK: Objection

THE COURT: No. Overruled at this point.

MS. PLACEK: If it pleases the court, Judge,

3 I would point out that this is beyond the scope.

Never mind, Judge, I will withdraw that. I'm

5 sorry.

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MR. MURPHY: Q Is that correct, officer?

THE WITNESS: A Right, there is a

reference to Hardy Johnson?

Q And he's a stepfather of the victim's mother?

A Thats's correct.

Q And he lives at 105th and State in that block, according to your understanding of this case, is that correct?

A That's correct.

Q And officer, you testified that it was your understanding that the victim was missing from that area, is that right?

A That's correct.

Q Is it possible that you're confusing the stepfather's address, 105th and State, with the actual area where the victim was missing from?

MS. PLACEK: Objection, leading and

suggestive and form.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. MURPHY: Q Is it possible that you're not accurate as to the area where the victim was missing?

MS. PLACEK: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained. It's not relevant where she was missing from.

MR. MURPHY: Fine, Judge.

Q Officer Kaddigan, based on the review that you did in this case or the investigation you did in this case and the information you learned, is that information contained in the report that you prepared on August 7th, 1988, to you knowledge?

MS. PLACEK: Objectyion, learned when, Judge?

THE COURT: No. Overruled.

THE WITNESS: A What was the question again?

MR. MURPHY: Q Is the information you learned with respect to the investigation of this missing person, Denise Johnson, is all of that information contained within your August 7th,

1 1988 report? Everything I learned that date I put in 3 that report dated Augsut 7th, 1988. 4 MR. MURPHY: Nothing further, Judge. 5 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 6 BY 7 MS. PLACEK: 8 Your report is a summary and not a 9 verbatim account, correct? 10 Α Yes. 11 MS. PLACEK: Thank you. That's all, Judge. 12 THE COURT: Officer Kaddigan, when you had 13 the conversation with these Black females, did 14 they or -- did either one of them tell you that 15 they had seen the missing person, the missing 16 girl at 103rd and Michigan at 1400 hours on 17 August 2, 1988? 18 THE WITNESS: Yes, they did, your Honor, if 19 that's what I put in my report, they did. 201 THE COURT: And it was they who personally 21 saw the girl? 22 THE WITNESS: Correct. This is done from a

23

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picture. I showed them the picture, and they

said they had seen the girl around 103rd and

1 Michigan. 2 THE COURT: Would you or do you think that you would be able to recognize either of the two 3 4 Black women if you saw them again? 5 THE WITNESS: No, your Honor, I wouldn't. 6 THE COURT: Were you alone at the time that 7 you had this conversation with them? 8 THE WITNESS: Yes, I was, your Honor. THE COURT: Other than the two Black women, 9 10 was there anyone else present other than the 11 three of you? 12 THE WITNESS: No, your Honor, there wasn't. THE COURT: Other than the report that you 13 14 have made, did you convey to any police officer 15 verbally, the conversation or the substance of 16 the conversation that you had with the two Black 17 females? 18 THE WITNESS: No, I didn't, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Mr. Murphy, do you have any questions based on what I have asked Officer 20 21 Kaddigan? 22 MR. MURPHY: Yes, Judge. 23 FURTHER CROSS EXAMINATION

BY

MR. MURPHY:

Q Officer Kaddigan, did, in fact, these two people you spoke to -- you said you used a picture of Denise Johnson to show them, is that correct?

A That's correct.

Q In fact, to your knowledge, did they, in fact, know Denise Johnson or did they recognize the picture as looking like somebody they saw or thought they saw?

A I'm assuming -- the person they saw was based on the picture I had shown them. Whether or not they knew Denise Johonson, I wouldn't know.

Q When they said they had seen her on August 2nd, did they actually tell you August 2nd? Did they say five days earlier? Or did they say approximately five days? Do you recall?

MS. PLACEK: Objection.

THE COURT: Basis?

MS. PLACEK: Basis is incorrect as to the statement of the evidence.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MR. MURPHY: Q In other words, officer,

1	what did they tell you about the date that they
2	had ssen her or thought they had seen her?
3	A They probably said five days previous,
4	and what I
5	MS. PLACEK: Objection, conclusion as to
6	what they probably said, Judge.
,7	THE COURT: Overruled.
8	THE WITNESS: Q What I did was back date
9	it, count backwards from the present date and
10 .	used that in my report.
11	MR. MURPHY: Q So, officer, to your
12	knowledge, that may not be the exact day then, is
13	that correct?
14	MS. PLACEK: Objection.
15	THE COURT: Sustained.
16	MR. MURPHY: Nothing further.
17	FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION
18	ву
19	MS. PLACEK:
20	Q Officer, are you in the habit of
21	putting inaccurate information in your report?
22	MR. CASSIDY: Objection.
23	THE COURT: Sustained.
24	MS. PLACEK: Q Did you put the date of

August 2nd in your report? 1 2 Yes, I did. Α 3 To the best of your knowledge, that's 4 the correct date, is that correct? 5 Α Yes. 6 as a matter of fact, you never tried to 7 alter or correct your report in any way, is that 8 correct? 9 That's correct. Α 10 MS. PLACEK: As to the Court's questions, 11 Judge, May I inquire? THE COURT: You may. 12 13 MS. PLACEK: Where did you receive the 14 picture from? 15 From Estelle Fields, the person who 16

- reported the girl missing.
- To the best of your knowledge, that was a true and accurate picture of how she looked at that date?
- That's how she looked the date the picture was taken. I never saw the victim myself.
- By the way, when you said you assumed they recognized her from the picture, you never

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1 made further inquiry of them as to how they knew 2 her, correct? 3 That's correct. 4 MS. PLACEK: Thank you. Nothing further, 5 Judge. 6 THE COURT: Anything further? 7 MR. MURPHY: No, Judge. 8 THE COURT: Thank you, Officer Kaddigan. 9 You may step down. 10 THE WITNESS: The subpoena for Wednesday, do 11 I have to disregard that now? 12 MS. PLACEK: No, Judge, because of the 13 limitations of the motion that we anticipated the 14 Court would set in this matter, there's evidence 15 other than the matter in the motion that we would call this officer for the defendant's case. 16 17 THE COURT: Is he subpoensed in here for 18 Wednesday? 19 MS. PLACEK: Yes, Judge. 20 THE COURT: I suppose if you maintain 21 contact with the defense or the State, they will 22 tell you at what stage of the trial they are in. 23 You will be required to come back, but whether

it's going to be Wednesday --

1 MS. PLACEK: For the purpose of brevity and 2 not wasting this officer's time, the State wishes me to direct them as to the evidence we would 3 call him on. 5 THE COURT: That's up to the State, and I'm 6 not going to anticipate that. As far as I'm 7 concerned, you're under subpoena. The subpoena 8 is continued. You will have to return. 9 Mr. Murphy can keep you informed as to whether it 10 will be Wednesday or not. 11 MS. PLACEK; For purposes of the record, we 12 would file a copy of the subpoena with the Court. There's been an acknowledgement of receipt. 13 14 THE COURT: All right, you're excused. 15 (Witness excused.) 16 THE COURT: Before I hear your comments and 17 arguments on this motion, take about a two minute 18 recess. 19 (Whereupon a brief recess 20 was had, after which the 21 following proceedings were 22 had:) 23 THE COURT: Miss Placek.

24

MS. PLACEK: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: I will hear any further witnesses or argument.

MS. PLACEK: There would be no further witnesses at this time. The only thing we would point out to the Court, as the movant, is that what essentially we have here is stated in our motion. We have, at best, a crime of laxity committed to the defendant. And at best a crime of ommission.

I would point out to the Court that, in fact, the witness testified that because of his actions, either by not passing on the report to his brother officers or in the alternative, Judge, by not taking a more careful representational investigation two days later, when he said he found out it was a homicide, the identity of the two witnesses who stated that they personally saw this girl at that address, would be available to the defendant.

We would point out that, number one, this wasn't done by name, but since the family gave him a picture and reason and logic would lead one to believe that they were, in fact, interested in the returning of this love

one back to their bosom, that they would have given him the best possible picture.

Therefore, Judge, we have a recognition long after the State alleges that my client was the last person to see her alive.

And I would point out that it stands currently uncontradicted by the State that we have a new issue coming up, and that is the fact that the young lady did not truly or accurately, as stated within, so far, the evidence of this trial, disappear from the porch, as was their contention in opening statements, but rather, Judge, and I would simply point out that this officer was present yesterday and was spoken to as stated by the Sate, before openings were made in this case, this officer testified, Judge, that she didn't disappear, according to Estelle Fields from the place she said, that was originally put out in this trial, Judge, but from an area some distance away from that which was testified to.

It's our suggestion, Judge, that irrespectively of what other sort of timing issue the Court deals with, this defendant, because the

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only one who saw those women, this officer, has, in fact, stated under oath, that he cannot help with the identity of same. He stated again in the motion it was never passed on. And again, he stated that these witnesses would not fall in the realm of hearsay witnesses, Judge, but would rather fall in the realm of eye witnesses.

Therefore, their testimony would be accessible and possible to the Court.

We would suggest that the defendant has irreparably harm. It was shown during the first part of the questioning that this gentleman is an agent of the State. The suggestion that the investigation could have continued if, in fact, his report was passed on. He said, in fact, it never was. For this reason, Judge, we would suggest a Brady violation, in fact, exists.

THE COURT: State.

MR. MURPHY: Judge, I don't know, frankly, what the defense is talking about. I still can't understand and fail to see that Brady has been violated in any way.

Now, at this point, not only do

they have the reports in their hands, but we also have the testimony of the police officer who testified that he didn't have the names of these people that he talked to. All of the information he had was in the report. And if he had their names, they would have been in the report.

Counsel attempts to use this to create a new issue or an issue in the case. And your Honor, it's ridiculous. I'm sure if someone walked around with a picture of the person, there might be people who might say, "yeah, I saw this person here or that person there." A good idea of that is John F. Kennedy and Elvis Presley.

MS. PLACEK: With all due respect, the State can't challenge the credibility of what a witness could or could not state, Judge. As I understand it, Judge, from, in fact, the Wilkins case, the Court must accept these witnesses as possible witnesses. I believe the Court's questions as to whether or not they were, in fact, eyewitnesses or hearsay witnesses cleared up any issue, and credibility is not to be argued at this time, I believe, Judge.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MR. MURPHY: No further argument, Judge.

THE COURT: Miss Placek.

MS. PLACEK: Your Honor, the only think we would state is that we brought up omission. The gentleman testified from the stand that he could have gone out on, -- Strike that. He knew on August 9th of that same year that this became a homaicide. He knew that, in fact, he had evidence dealing with this homicide. He not only knew, but I would suggest that this no longer was stale dated evidence, and for this reason, Judge, I would suggest, by his ommission, he, in fact, destroyed evidence that is potentially exculpatory to the defendant. And I would suggest that that evidence can never be retrieved at this timne.

THE COURT: There are a lot of things which are going through my mind right now, some of which are probably grossly irrelevant to the issues before me. It is easy in retrospect to say what should have been done in an investigation. And even easier to criticize what was not done in an investigation.

As I look back upon it with 20/20

hindsight. And thus, I can tell that according to the bill of particulars enunciated on two separate occasions, once in December of 1988, and again in February of 1989, in it's answer to discovery, where they place the time of the event in question to have been sometime between 9:30 p.m. On August 1st, 1988, through 3:00 a.m. On August 2nd, 1988.

According to Officer Kaddigan's report, the victim was seen some eleven hours after the last time mentioned in the State's answer to discovery. But the identity of the person who saw her is unknown.

Miss Placek says that that is a Brady violation for the police not to know. But the problem is that I don't know of any authority or any language in any authority that requires the police to know. It's an interesting concept and punishes the police investigation for the incompentence, if that is what you would choose to call it, or whatever reason that they failed to know.

It may well be that something should have alerted Mr. Kaddigan or the police

department once he filed his report, or the detecives who investigated this occurrence, all of those things may well be said that somebody should have known. But the fact of the matter is the evidence before the court indicates that no one knows. And no one saught with particularity to relate the significance of the observations made by these two unknown Black females to this case. And I suppose it might be fair to say that Officer Kaddigan was in the best position, once he determined or once he learned that a homicide was involved in this occurence, he may have been in the best position to make that connection. Although, there's nothing in this record yet that would indicate that he knew when the homicide took place or what time of the day, when in terms of the date of the homicide or what time of the day, so as to necessarily make the connection.

In any event, absent some authority enunciating the proposition that a Brady violation can take place out of incompetentance, I'm constrained to say that no violation has taken place here. And I suppose -- I suppose a willful failure to know, a studied

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rejection of that which is patently obvious, so as to avoid coming into the knowledge, which would exculpate could constitute a Brady violation, but there doesn't seem to be anything in this evidence that would suggest that that is what has taken place here, the Defendant's motion to dismiss is denied.

MS. PLACEK: Judge, for the purposes of the record, we would thank the Court for hearing said motion. We would ask, so that we don't have to go over the same matter, when we do request that this officer testify for the defendant, that we incorporate today's activities into the trial.

THE COURT: Well, we will deal with that at the time that this officer is called to testify, if he is, in fact, called to testify. If he's not called to testify when the defense wishes to proffer that evidence by way of stipulation, we'll take care of that matter.

MS. PLACEK: Fine, Judge.

THE COURT: For purposes of this record, I'm marking this police report of Officer Kaddigan as Defendant's Exhibit No. 1 on the Motion to Dismiss and making it a part of the common law

1 record in this case. 2 Anything further in this matter? MS. PLACEK: Eleven o'clock on Monday, 3 4 Judge? 5 THE COURT: By agreement -- or order of 6 Court? 7 MR. MURPHY: I thought it was going to be 8 1:00. 9 THE COURT: Well, I'm afraid that it's going 10 to have to be 1 o'clock, because I don't see any 11 realistic way of getting through the call by 11 12 o'clock. So, 1 o'clock On February 11th, for 13 further testimony. Have a nice weekend. 14 15 Ladies and gentlemen, the court is 16 adjourned until 9:30 Monday morning. 17 (Whereupon, the above-18 entitled cause was continued 19 to 1:00 p.m., February 11, 20 1991.) 21 22 23 24

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     STATE OF ILLINOIS
                            SS:
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     COUNTY OF C O O K
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          IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS
               COUNTY DEPARTMENT - CRIMINAL DIVISION
4
     THE PEOPLE OF THE
5
     STATE OF ILLINOIS,
                                   Criminal
                  Plaintiff,
6
                                    No. 88 CR 12517
7
           vs.
     JEROME HENDRICKS,
8
                  Defendant.
9
10
                          BENCH TRIAL
11
                REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS had at the hearing
12
     in the above-entitled cause before the HONORABLE
13
     LEO E. HOLT, Judge of said court, on the
14
     11th day of February, 1991.
15
          APPEARANCES:
16
            HONORABLE JACK O'MALLEY,
               State's Attorney of Cook County, By:
17
               MR. SCOTT CASSIDY and
18
               MR. JOHN MURPHY,
                  Assistant State's Attorneys,
19
                  for the People of the State of IL.
20
             MR. RANDOLPH N. STONE,
               Public Defender of Cook County, By:
21
               MS. MARIJANE PLACEK and
               MR. VINCENT LUFRANO,
22
                  Assistant Public Defenders,
                   for the Defendant.
23
      L. B. STONE, CSR
24
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Official Court Reporter

SF-IL-24A PENGADINDY, MUNCIE, IN 47302

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THE COURT: Both sides ready?

MR. CASSIDY: Yes.

THE COURT: Call your next witness, State.

MS. PLACEK: We will point out there was a Motion to Exclude.

MR. CASSIDY: Judge, I will bring the witness out because I don't know how to pronounce her name.

(Whereupon the following proceedings were had in the presence and hearing of the jury:)

THE CLERK: Raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn)

THE COURT: You may be seated, ma'am. That microphone is on. If you will speak directly into it, keep your voice up so we will all hear you.

MR. MURPHY: May I proceed, Judge?

THE COURT: You may.

CAROLYN STRONG,

a witness herein, called on behalf of the People of the State of Illinois, after being first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

ΒY

MR. MURPHY:

Q Could you state your name and spell your

Α

Yes.

\\									
1	last name, please?								
2	A Carolyn Strong, S-t-r-o-n-g.								
3	Q And, ma'am, by whom are you employed?								
4	A Roseland Community Hospital.								
5	Q And what capacity are you employed there?								
6	A X-ray technologist.								
7	Q How long have you been an X-ray								
8	technologist?								
9	A Seven and a half years.								
10	Q And before you became an X-ray								
11	technologist, were you employed at Roseland								
12	Community Hospital?								
13	A Yes, I was.								
14	Q And how long were you employed How long								
15	have you been employed by Roseland Hospital?								
16	A Eighteen years.								
17	Q What did you do before you were an X-ray								
18	technologist?								
19	A Clerk-typist. Q Now, Carolyn Strong, can you describe what								
20	your duties are as an X-ray technologist?								
21	A My duties are to take X-rays.								
22	Q And you work in the radiologist program								
23	thora?								

1	Q What training or education have you had in
2	order to become an X-ray technologist?
3	A Two years training.
4	Q You went to a program that was
5	administered by Roseland Community Hospital?
6	A No, by another hospital.
7	Q What hospital was that?
8	A Henrotin Hospital.
9	Q And did you successfully complete that
10	training program?
11	A Yes, I did.
12	Q And at the completion of that program, did
13	you take any tests?
14	A Yes, I did.
15	Q And as a result Did you pass the test
16	you took?
17	A Yes.
18	Q And did you receive any certifications?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Could you tell the Court exactly what your
21	certification is in?
	A Radiologist technologist.
22	Q Thank you. In addition to the training
23	that you received at Henrotin, had you received any
24	other training in the area of X-rays?

1 Ultra grapher (Phonetic). Α Are you in the process of receiving that 2 Q training in that area at this time? 3 4 Yes, I am. Α Carolyn, I'd like to direct your attention 5 to the date of August 19, 1986, do you recall if 6 you were working on that particular day? 7 Yes, I was. 8 And where were you working? Q 9 In the Radiologist Department. 10 Roseland Community That would be at Q 11 Hospital? 12 Yes. Α 13 THE COURT: What date was that again. 14 MR. MURPHY: August 19, 1986, Judge. 15 THE COURT: '86? 16 MR. MURPHY: Yes, Judge. 17 THE COURT: Okay. You may proceed. I'm sorry. 18 MR. MURPHY: Thank you, Judge. 19 And what if anything happened on 20 that particular day? 21 Well, I took X-rays on Denise Johnson. 22 MR. LUFRANO: Objection. 23 THE COURT: What's the basis? She's saying that she took X-rays 24 MR. LUFRANO:

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fou	nda	tion	for	how	she	knew	that	was	the	name	of
the	ir	ndivid	ual.								

THE COURT: Objection sustained.

MR. MURPHY Q You took X-rays of a young girl, is that correct?

MS. PLACEK: Objection, continuing in leading.

THE COURT: Overruled. It's preliminary.

MR. MURPHY Q And with regard to one particular person, did you take specific X-rays?

A Yes.

MS. PLACEK: Objection. Foundational, also, as to form.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. MURPHY Q Is that correct?

A Yes.

Q What X-rays did you take?

A I took a wrist.

Q And could you describe to Judge Holt where you took those X-rays at?

A It was in the Radiologist Department, X-ray room.

Q And the person whose X-rays you took, when she arrived, what did you do?

A Well, the receptionist.

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MR. LUFRANO: Objection. He's assuming she only took one X-ray all day long.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MR. MURPHY Q Can you describe the procedure that you used when you met this individual whose X-ray you took?

A Yes, the receptionist logged the individual's name in the book, and I in turn --

MR. LUFRANO: Objection. She wasn't present. This is totally hearsay.

THE COURT: The objection is sustained.

MR. MURPHY Q Carolyn, if I could, I will just take you up to the point where you met this person. Could you describe what happened when you met this person? What did you do?

- A Well, I took her in the room for X-rays.
- Q What room did you take her into?
- A In one of the X-ray rooms.
- Q And can you tell Judge Holt what is in the X-ray room, what equipment do you have there?

A Well, we have General Electric equipment, we have X-ray table, X-ray tube, and we have the machinery.

- Q And that's the X-ray machine?
- A Yes.